

The Honorable Barbara J. Rothstein

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE**

Sonny J. Leomiti and Patricia M. Leomiti,
husband and wife,

Plaintiffs,

V.

Beteiligungs-Kommanditgesellschaft MS
“Buxvillage” Verwaltungs-und Bereederungs
GmbH & Co, a German Company, and MSC
Mediterranean Shipping Company S.A., a
Swiss company and MSC Monterey her
appurtenances, equipment and furniture, *in
rem.*

Defendants.

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
(2:24-cv-01583-BJR) - 1**

COLLIER WALSH NAKAZAWA LLP
506 Second Avenue, Suite 2500
Seattle, Washington 98104
(206) 502 4251

1 2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

2 "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things
 3 produced or otherwise exchanged: Defendants' crewmember information; documents containing
 4 Defendants' propriety and/or competitive business information regarding business practices and/or
 5 policies and procedures, including, but not limited to, Safety Management System (SMS)
 6 materials, training materials, employee agreements, crewmember agreements, manning agency
 7 agreements, crewmember training protocols, crewmember and staff duty descriptions, and
 8 employee training policies; and records containing Defendants' financial information. This
 9 definition is non-exhaustive and may be adjusted based on the advice and guidance of foreign
 10 counsel related to the obligations imposed on Defendants by their respective domestic legal
 11 regimes which may govern disclosure of materials in this action.

12 3. SCOPE

13 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as
 14 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all
 15 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,
 16 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

17 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in
 18 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

19 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

20 4.1. Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed
 21 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
 22 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the
 23 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material
 24 must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures
 25 that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

26 4.2. Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
 27 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any
 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 confidential material only to:

2 (a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
3 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

4 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
5 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
6 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so
7 designated;

8 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
9 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (**Exhibit A**);

10 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

11 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
12 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
13 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
14 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

15 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
16 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
17 (**Exhibit A**), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
18 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
19 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
20 under this agreement;

21 (g) any mediators retained by the parties to assist with the potential settlement
22 of this lawsuit and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound." (**Exhibit**
23 **A**).

24 (h) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
25 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

26 4.3. Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or
27 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,
STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will
 2 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion
 3 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the
 4 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,
 5 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing
 6 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and
 7 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material
 8 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the
 9 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.
 10 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with
 11 the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

12 5. **DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

13 5.1. **Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.** Each party
 14 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take
 15 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
 16 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,
 17 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the
 18 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
 19 unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

20 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
 21 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
 22 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses
 23 and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

24 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for
 25 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties
 26 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

27 5.2. **Manner and Timing of Designations.** Except as otherwise provided in this
 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
 (2:24-cv-01583-BJR) - 4

COLLIER WALSH NAKAZAWA LLP
 506 Second Avenue, Suite 2500
 Seattle, Washington 98104
 (206) 502 4251

1 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
 2 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must
 3 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

4 (a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and
 5 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),
 6 the designating party must affix the word “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains
 7 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
 8 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate
 9 markings in the margins).

10 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties
 11 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial
 12 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony
 13 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the
 14 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or
 15 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information
 16 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

17 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place
 18 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
 19 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
 20 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

21 5.3. Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
 22 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s
 23 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a
 24 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated
 25 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

26 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

27 6.1. Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality
 2 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
 3 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
 4 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
 5 original designation is disclosed.

6 6.2. Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
 7 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential
 8 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration
 9 or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other
 10 affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list
 11 the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-
 12 to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

13 6.3. Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
 14 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local
 15 Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of
 16 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those
 17 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
 18 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain
 19 the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

20 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
 21 LITIGATION

22 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
 23 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party
 24 must:

25 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
 26 subpoena or court order;

27 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
 2 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

3 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
 4 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

5 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

6 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
 7 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving
 8 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,
 9 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the
 10 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,
 11 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
 12 Bound” that is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

13 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
 14 MATERIAL

15 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently
 16 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
 17 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision
 18 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or
 19 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the
 20 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

21 10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

22 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
 23 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and
 24 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

25 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
 26 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
 27 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work

1 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

2 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a
3 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

4 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

5
6 THOMPSON & DELAY

COLLIER WALSH NAKAZAWA LLP

7
8 s/ Paul Delay (via email authorization)

Paul Delay, WSBA #16482
paul@thompsondelay.com

9
10 Attorney for Plaintiff

s/ Zachary Farley

Barbara Holland, WSBA #11852
barbara.holland@cwn-law.com
Anusha Pillay, WSBA #52989
anusha.pillay@cwn-law.com
Zachary Farley, WSBA #58913
zachary.farley@cwn-law.com

11
12 Attorneys for Defendants

1 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.
2
3

4 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any
5 documents, electronically stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or
6 otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or
7 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those
8 documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other
9 privilege or protection recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum
10 protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply.
11 Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review
12 of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or
13 segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. Information produced
in discovery that is protected as privileged or work product shall be immediately returned to the
producing party.

14 DATED this 24th day of June, 2025.

15
16 
17

18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
Barbara Jacobs Rothstein
U.S. District Court Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of
[print or type full address], declare under penalty of
that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on
[date] in the case of *Sonny J. Leomiti, et al. v. Beteiligungs-
anditgesellschaft MS "Buxvillage" Verwaltungs-und Bereederungs GmbH & Co., et al.*,
No. 2:24-cv-01583-BJR. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
lead me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will
not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed:

Printed name:

Signature: